



Collaborations 2022-23

Department of Assamese



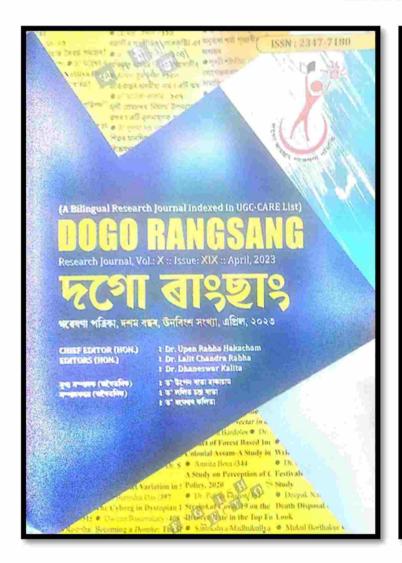
Collaborative Research Paper **Debojani Bokalial**

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Title of the Paper **Asamar Tai Khamyang janagosthir Lokasahitya: Eti adhyayan**Name of the Journal **ISSN:**2347-7180



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অসমৰ টাই খামরাং জনগোষ্ঠীৰ লোকসাহিত্য : এটি চমু অধ্যয়ন

काराची वक्षीमाण

প্রতাধী অন্ধাপত, অসমীয়া বিভাগ, গড়গাঁও মহাবিদ্যালয়, ধরেয়ক ভারী, লোক মধ্যেতি ধরেষণা বিভাগ, গুৰাহাটী বিশ্ববিদ্যালয়, c-mail: debubakalial@gmail.com, ফোন : ৯১০১৩-৩৭৭০৭

ছ' কিশোৰ কুমাৰ ভটাচাৰ্য

তথাপক, নোক-সংস্কৃতি গরেষণা বিভাগ, গুবাহাটী বিশ্ববিদ্যালয়।

সংবিশ্বপ্রমান হ টাই জাতিন অন্যতম শাখা টাই খান্যাংসকলে অসমন ঘাইকৈ চনাইকেউ, মোনহাট, খোনাখাট আৰু তিনিচুকীয়া জিলাল মুঠ দহলন গাঁৱত বসবাস কৰি আছে। ওওঁলোক মূ-তালিকভাৱে মংগোনীয় মৃলাচ্চী আৰু ভাষিকভাৱে টিন-তিনাত ভাষা পৰিয়ালৰ খাই চীন বা শাম টিন শাখান অপ্তৰ্গত তেওঁলোকন নিজা ভাষা আছে যদিও অসমীয়া ভাষাৰ শ্বনুৰ আই তান কেয়া । যাবা অখ্যাক অপ্তৰ্গত কেইলাকীয়ান স্প্ৰয়োজন কিবল ভাষা আছে যদিও অসমীয়া ভাষাৰ শ্বনুৰ প্ৰতিশ্ব আমা । যাবা অখ্যাক প্ৰত্যাক কিবল কৰিছে অসম কৰাছে ভাষাৰ সমাজভাষ বাতিক অহিল আন লোকসকলে টিই নাময়াং ভাষা নাজাকে মুকি ক' পানি। গতিকে ভাষাৰ সমাজভাষ ভাষাক লোকসাহিত্যৰ ক্ষেত্ৰত কিবলাই আৰু কৰিছে। এনে ক্ষেত্ৰত বিশ্বলাক্ষ আমিক মোজীটোৰ লোকসাহিত্যৰ ক্ষেত্ৰত ক্ষাৰ সমাজভাষ কৰাই ভাষাৰ আমাজভাষ কৰাই ভাষাৰ কৰাই ভাষাৰ কৰাই কৰাই ভাষাৰ কৰাই কৰাই ভাষাৰ অহ্বাৰ মাজভাইত চিকি আমাজভাইত ভাষাৰ মাজভাইত ভাষাৰ কৰাই মাজভাইত কিবলাই ভাষাৰ প্ৰযান্তৰ প্ৰয়োজনীয়তা অহে। আলোচনাটিভ টাই খানহাই ভাষাৰাক্ষ মাজভ শ্ৰন্তিক বিজিল ক্ষাৰ কৰাই ভাষাৰ মাজভাইত হৈছে।

বীজ শব্দ ই টাই গানায়াং, লোকসাহিত্য, অসমীয়া ভাষা, সমাজ-সংস্কৃতি, বৌদ্ধ ধর্ম, প্রকার্য, প্রাসংগিকতা, স্থিতি।

১. অৱতৰ্শপকা ঃ

5.5 विशयन श्रविधा :

১.১ বেশ্বৰণ পাৰ্যায় ।

উত্তৰ-পূৰ্ণাঞ্চল তথা অসমলৈ ব্ৰয়োমণ শতিকাৰ পৰা অন্তাৰণ শতিকাৰ কাল্ডোলাত এছিনা মহালেশৰ অমাত্ৰম
কৃত্ৰত টাই আতিৰ হণ্ডা পাথাৰ আমামণ ঘটো ৷ এই পালাকেইটাইছে টাই আহোম, টাই গামছি, টাইখাছে, টাই খামছা, টাই
কৃত্ৰত টাই আটতৰ হণ্ডা পাথাৰ আমামণ ঘটো ৷ এই পালাকেইটাইছে টাই আহোম, টাই গামাছি, টাইখাছে, টাই আমাজিক কাৰ্ডিয়া অমাত্ৰম কৰি মাছি আমাজিক অসমৰ
ভাইকে চলাইকেউ, তিনিচুক্টায়া, মোৰভাট আৰু গোলাঘাট ভিলান মুঠ দহখান গাঁৱত সকলাৰ কৰি আছে। আমাজিকত পৰিবেশা
পাৰ্যা উত্তৰত অনুষ্ঠান, লোকচাৰ, লোকবিশান। তেওঁলোকৰ নিজা ভাষা, মৌখিক মাছিতা, প্ৰকাশ কৰিছে।
কলা, ভোঁতিক সংস্কৃতি আদিৰ ক্ষেত্ৰত থকা সুকীয়া বিশেষভূই তেওঁলোকৰ সাংস্কৃতিক ক্ষৰীয়তা প্ৰকাশ কৰিছে।
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লোগসমালৰ খালা সৃষ্ট, লোকজীকাৰ আবেগ, অনুস্থৃতি, জান, অভিজ্ঞতাদি সন্ধিত, মৌৰিকজাৰে প্ৰধানৰপৰা তাল্যসমালৰ খালা সৃষ্ট, লোকজীকাৰ আবেগ, অনুস্থৃতি, জান, অভিজ্ঞতাদি সন্ধিত, মৌৰিকজাৰে প্ৰধানৰপৰা তাল্যকৈ প্ৰবাহিত মুখ্য নিৰৱেশক সাহিত্যক্ত হৈছে লোক সাহিত্য। মুখৰ সীমা চেলাই মুখ বাদাৰি জীয়াই থকা

Dogo Rangsang Research Journal, Vol. X, Issue: XIX, April, 2023

Collaborative Seminar Department of Assamese, Gargaon College with

Dergaon Kamal Dowarah College, Golaghat, Assam

Title of the Siminar Program : Asomiya Sahityar Burnji Aru Asomar Sanskriti: Adhyanar Bhinna Matta

Duration: 22nd to 23rd October, 2022

Duration: Two Days

Resource Person: Dr. Jyotirekha Hazarika, Associate Professor

J.B.College, Jorhat, Assám

with

Dr. Karabi Gogoi, Associate Professor

CKB College, Jorhat, Assam

&

Lavanya Bora and Amal Chandra Das

DKD College, Golaghat, Assam



Link to the Seminar

Collaborative Seminar Department of Assamese, Gargaon College

with

Dergaon Kamal Dowarah College, Golaghat, Assam

Title of the Siminar Program: Gabeshana Pakalpa Prastutkaran: Pradhati Aru Koushal

Duration: 4th and 5th April, 2023

Duration: **Two Days** Resource Person: **Dr. Pallavi Bora, Assistant Professor,** Department of Folklore Research, Guwahati University

& **Dr. Swapna Bora**Assistant Professor, Teaching and Learning Centre, Tezpur University



<u>Day 1</u>



Department of Botany



Collaborative Research Paper Sandeepa Agarwala

Assistant Professor Department of Botany, Gargaon College

Dipika Rajput, L.R. Saikia, Munmi Borkataky

Department of Life Sciences, Dibrugarh University, Assam

Title of the Paper: **Ageratum conyzoides L.: In vitro Antimicrobial, Antioxidant and Phytochemical**

Name of the Journal: <u>ECOLOGY, ENVIRONMENT AND CONSERVATION</u>
<u>ISSN: 0971765X</u>

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Ageratum conyzoides L.: In vitro antimicrobial, antioxidant and phytochemical study

Dipika Rajput*, L.R. Saikia, Munmi Borkataky and Sandeepa Agarwalla

Department of Life Sciences, Dibrugarh University, Dibrugarh 786 004, Assam, India

(Received 17 December, 2021; Accepted 19 January, 2022)

ABSTRACT

Ageratum conyzoides L. (Asteraceae) is an aromatic weed. The weed has been known since time immemorial for its therapeutic properties and has been utilized for treatment of various ailments, such as burns and wounds, for antimicrobial properties, for many infectious conditions and bacterial infections, arthrosis, headaches and dyspnea, pneumonia, analgesic, anti-inflammatory, antiasthmatic, antispasmodic and haemostatic effects, stomach ailments, gynaecological diseases, leprosy and other skin diseases. A wide range of chemical compounds including alkaloids, cumarins, flavonoids, chromenes, benzofurans, sterols and terpenoids have been isolated from this species. Present study aimed at qualitative and quantitative phytochemical analysis of leaves of A. conyzoides. Phytochemical analysis revealed the presence of tannin, alkaloids, flavonoids, phenols, glycosides, cardiac glycosides, reducing sugar and saponin and absence of anthraquinone, carotenoids and free anthraquinone in all the extracts varying quantities. The plant extracts exhibited the presence of a high amount of phenolics and flavonoid content which might be the key candidates for the antioxidant potential of the extract. The antibacterial activity of A. conyzoides was tested against seven bacteria.

Key words: Ageratum conyzoides, Antimicrobial activity, Antioxidant Activity, Phytochemical screening, Total Flavonoids,
Total Phenol

Introduction

India along with its rich cultural heritage is also known for its abundance knowledge in traditional herbal medicine. The traditional knowledge is based on necessities, requirements, observation, study, instincts or experiments and experience (Jain, 2004). Since the earliest days of civilization, mankind have been directly or indirectly depended on plant resources (Sousa et al., 2021). Even now most of the pharmaceutical industries depends on plants for the synthesis of many important drugs occupying a significant spot. Many of these plants are wild in na-

diseases but it is still out of reach for those leaving in remote areas. People of those areas depends on traditional healers and Ojha whom they trust more. Judicious use of medicinal plants can cure deadly diseases that have long defied synthetic drugs.

Plants are a source of many chemical ingredients. People have been using plants without having any knowledge about the active compounds. If the active ingredients of plants are known, then the mode of action of plants producing therapeutic effects can also be better investigated. The crude drug used contains some beneficial, some harmful and some toxic components, but all integrated under certain

Collaborative Book Chapter Sandeepa Agarwala

Assistant Professor Department of Botany, Gargaon College

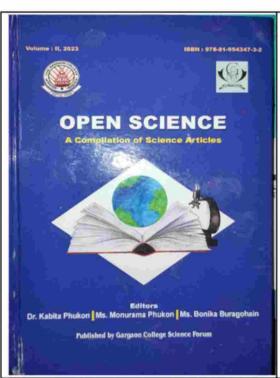


Department of Botany Jorhat Kendriya Mahavidyalaya, Jorhat, Assam



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Contents:

		1000
1.	Applications of Machine learning for advancement of Chemistry chemistry : Mini-review	and Bo-
	Bobub Brushan Lara. Dr. Saheen Shehnaz Begum	. 1
2	The James Webo Space Telescope : Astrophysics in the Nex Birnan J. Medhi	20
3	Provenance study of Quaternary sediments in South Eastern Brahmaputra valley	
	- Dr. Chandwditya Gogor	39
4.	Applications of Geomechanics for Energy and the Environment — Debashis Konwar	nt 49
	Departing Korwaii Department of Fish Diversity of Bogibest; an Important Stretch	of Upper
5.	Rrahmanutra Basin	
	 Anurag Protim Das, Shyama Prasud Biswas 	63
6.	A Brief Roview on The Factors Governing Magma Mixing and Magmatic Structures and Textures Inferring Magma Mixing	Different
	 Gaurev Hazarika, Pallab Jyoti Hazarika. Mukunda Saikie 	76
7.	Vedic Mathematics and its Sutras — Harekrishne Mill	93
8.	A study on Paradoucal Properties of Infinite Series within the Ramanujon Summation	
	- Dr. Aigel Gogol	102
9.	The Himalayas and Its Formation - Kashyap Borgohain, Shijipika Saikia	112
10.	ECOHYDROLOGY: A Review - Khustoo Aganwal, Sandeepa Aganwalla	125
11.	 Mukunda Saikia; Pallabiyoti Hazarika; 	132
	Gauray Hazarika; Rupam Sonował	
12.	FFT interpolation method for missing data synthesis for non-tidal prediction: A case study during Tropical Cyclone Phasin. Visaknapatnam on the east coast of India.	(2013) a
	- Netra Khan, Himashree Das, Chirartan Bhagawati	151
13.	Convex Combination of Two Distinct ESL Values - Nihanka Kakoty, Scipta Goals	159
	The state of the s	9.00

OPEN SCIENCE

A compilation of Science Articles

ECOHYDROLOGY : A Review

Khushoo Agarwali, Sandeepa Agarwalla2 nusboo Agarwal', Sandeepa Agarwa Assistant Professor, Department of Bohan; Joshat Kendriyo Mahovelyalaya, Joshat. Email id: khushanayarvas1959igomal.com ²Assistant Professor. Department of Bohan; Gargaon College, Smalaguri Email Id: sandeepangur94figoval.com

ABSTRACT

Water is one of the most important natural resources of our planet. However, due to urbanization and increase in demand of water due to growing population, this resource is being constantly exploited which has led to its depletion. The multidisciplinary science of "ecohydrology" aims to manage water sustainably while taking into consideration various aspects of the ecosystem.lt prioritizes certain points like to slow down the flow of water from atmosphere to sea in order to reduce the impact of droughts and floods, to prevent the degradation of water, to modify ecosystem potential with societal needs, to explore some unexplored questions. In the present article, an attempt is made to have a brief idea about the topic of ecohydrology

Keywords: ecohydrology, water, ecosystem

** 125 ***

Collaborative Workshop (Online)

Dr. Dimbeswar Das

Assistant Professor Department of Botany, Gargaon College



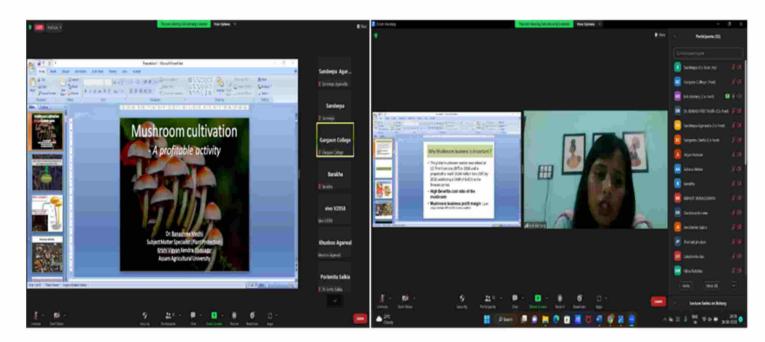
Miss Banashree Medhi,

Subject Matter Specialist (Plant Protection), Krishi Vigyan Kendra, Sivasagar, Assam (under Assam Agriculture University, Jorhat)

Title of the Program: Mushroom Cultivation: A profitable activity

Date:20th June, 2023

Link of the Program https://www.youtube.com/live/OMm5wxZF6Vc? si=AlPMUIH_WycxDoqp







Department of Chemistry



Collaborative Research Paper Dr. Plaban Jyoti Sarma

Assistant Professor Department of Chemistry, Gargaon College

Partha Pratim Churi, Nishant Biswakarma, Dikshita Dowerah, Shilpa Neog, Nand Kishor Gour & Ramesh Chandra Deka

Department of Chemical Science , Tezpur University, Assam with

Department of Chemistry, DKD College, Dergaon, Assam

Title of the Paper: Structure and Stability of (CeO2) n0,±1 (n=1-3) Clusters towards the Adsorption and Co-adsorption of CO and H2O from DFT Study

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Structure and Stability of $(CeO_2)_n^{0,\pm 1}$ (n=1-3) Clusters towards the Adsorption and Co-adsorption of CO and H2O from DFT Study

Partha Pratim Churi a,b, Nishant Biswakarma , Dikshita Dowerah , Shilpa Neog , Plaban Jyoti Sarma⁶, Nand Kishor Gour^{6,*}, Ramesh Chandra Deka

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ABSTRACT

Stability of $(CeO_2)_0^{0.21}(n=1.3)$ clusters and adsorption of CO and H_2O as well as co-adsorption of CO/ H_2O species on the same clusters are studied using M06L/def2TZVPP level of theory. We have considered this study as this fundamental investigation may be a stepping stone for future investigation of water gas shift reaction (WGSR). Global/local reactivity descriptors and natural bonding orbital (NBO) analysis are also reported for all the clusters for understanding the nature of adsorption of CO and H₂O molecules. From theoretical analysis, we have explored all the possible outcomes for CO/H₂O adsorption and co-adsorption on (CO-2)^{R-2}₀ (n=1-3) clusters.

Over the past few decades, ceria has been considered as a fruitful catalyst for several important reactions due to its structural and electronic properties. One of the significant use of ceria is as the three-way catalysts (TWC) for the treatment of exhaust gas in automobiles which stimulates a strong research area in this field. It is used in the conversion of some poisonous gases like CO, SO2etc. to less poisonous gases like CO₂, SO₃ etc. [1,2]. It can also act as oxygen buffering by capturing and releasing oxygen in the redox reactions [3]. This capability is due to the rectaing waygen in the rectar cartons go, inits capatons is due to the rapid change in the oxidation state of cerium between +4 and +3 where the former one has been considered as the most stable state for Ce [4]. Clusters of ceria having Ce³⁺ are applicable in the catalysis field because Ce(III) has the configuration of 4f⁴ which is more reactive than Ce configuration (4f°5d°6s²). Moreover, thermodynamic data indicates that cerium metal is unstable in presence of oxygen [5]. With high oxygen ion mobility and the ability to fluctuate the oxidation state between +4 and +3 together with the high oxidizing power of Ce^{4+} , ceria always has a pronounced catalytic property. One of the main reactions where prominent catalytic properties of Ceria are used extensively is water gas shift reaction (WGSR).

The WGSR describes the reaction between carbon mon and water (H₂O) to form H₂ and CO₂ gases (i.e., $CO + H_2O \rightarrow CO_2 + H_2$). An increase in the demand for H₂ as well as the need of CO removal has

led to the extensive use of WGSR. Ali Arab and co-workers investigated the WGSR mechanism on silver nanoclusters by using density functional theory [6]. It was observed that the minimum activation barrier is related to the CO₂ (ads) formation and the maximum activation barrier is related to the H_2O (ads) dissociation. Several catalysts have been prepared at the industrial level, where WGSR has been carried out both at high temperature (350-500°C) as well as at low temperature (180-250°C) depending upon the catalyst used [7]. Till date mainly three different mechanisms have been proposed for the WGSR reaction namely redox, formate associative and carboxyl associative [8]. However, there is limited theoretical studies on the catalyst and the mechanism of WGSR. Previous studies were carried out on transition metal carbonyls specifically Fe(CO)₅ [9], Ru₃(CO)₁₂ [10] and Rh₆(CO)₁₆ [11]. Nishamol Kuriakose et al investigated all the steps of mechanistic pathway with Fe(CO)₅ through gas-phase quantum mechanical (QM) calculations using density functional theory (DFT) [9]. They have found that the binuclear mechanism leads to lower barriers in comparison to the mononuclear mechanism. Ling Guo and co-workershave studied the trinuclear carbonyl complexes.Ru₃(CO)₁₂ and mononuclear carbonyl complexes.Ru₂(CO)₅ with the help of DPT calculations [12]. They have found that Ru₃(CO)₁₂ is much more effective than mononuclear complexes as a catalyst for the WGSR. Even though there is much information available for the use of transition metal oxides towards WGSR, the investigation of f-block metal oxide clusters for the same is limited [13].

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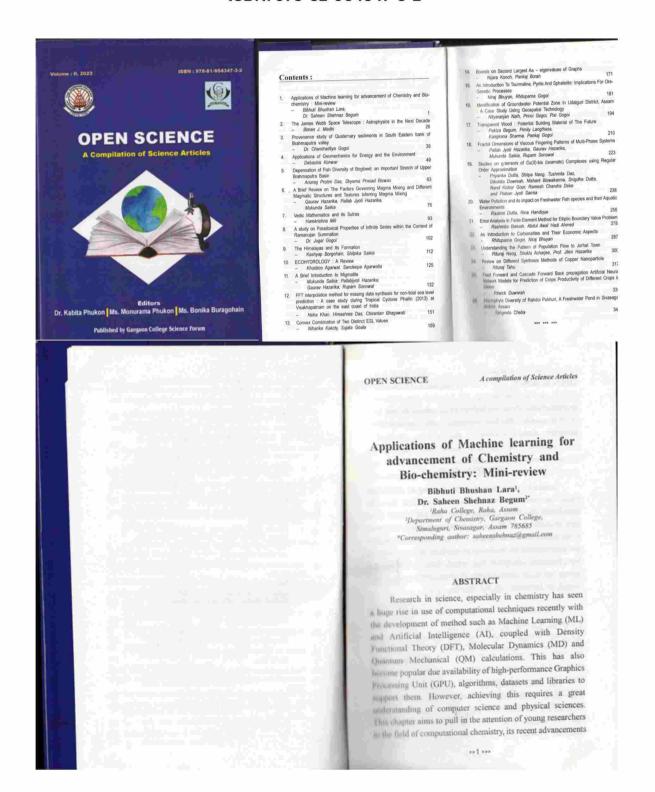
Bibhuti Bhushan Lara

Department of Chemistry, Raha College, Assam

Title of the Paper: Applications of Machine learning for Chemistry and Biochemistry: A Mini Review

Title of the Book: Open Science: A compilation of Science Articles

ISBN: 978-81-954347-3-2



Collaborative Book Chapter Dr. Pakiza Begum

Assistant Professor Department of Chemistry, Gargaon College



Kangkana Sharma

Department of Zoology, Demoria College, Kamrup, Assam with

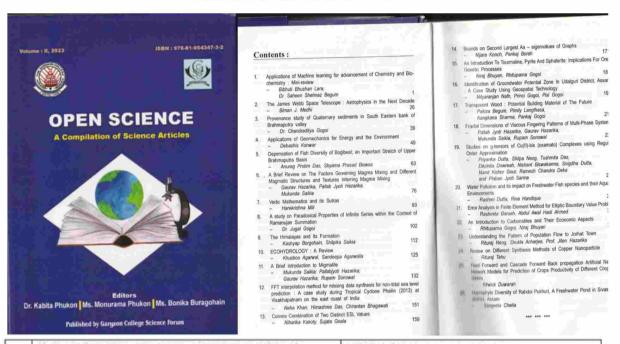
Pankaj Gogoi

Sipajhar College, Mangaldoi, Assam

Title of the Paper: Transparent Wood: Potential Building Material of the Future

Title of the Book: Open Science: A compilation of Science Articles

ISBN: 978-81-954347-3-2



8 21		
14.	Bounds on Second Largest Aa - eigenvalues of Graphs - Nijara Konch, Pankaj Borah	171
15.	An Introduction To Tourmaline, Pyrite And Sphalerite: Implications For Genetic Processes	
	- Niraj Bhuyan, Rhitupama Gogol	181
16.	Identification of Groundwater Potential Zone In Udalguri District, A : A Case Study Using Geospatial Technology	
17.	Nityaranjan Nath, Princi Gogol, Pixi Gogol Transparent Wood: Potential Building Material of The Future	194
	Pakiza Begum, Pimily Langthasa, Kangkana Sharma, Pankai Gogol	210
18.	Fractal Dimensions of Viscous Fingering Patterns of Multi-Phase Sy — Pallab Jyoti Hazanka, Gaurav Hazanka,	stems
	Mukunda Saikia, Rupam Sonowal	223
19.	Studies on g-tensors of Cu(II)-bis (oxamato) Complexes using Ri Order Approximation — Priyanka Dutta, Shilpa Neog, Tushmita Das, Dikshita Downesh, Nishart Biswakarma, Snigdha Dutta, Nand Kishor Gour, Ramesh Chandra Deka and Plaban Jyoti Sarma	egular 238
20.	Water Pollution and its impact on Freshwater Fish species and their A Environments — Rashmi Dutta, Rina Handique	quatic 256
21.	Error Analysis in Finite Element Method for Elliptic Boundary Value Pri - Rashmita Baruah, Abdul Awal Hadi Ahmed	
22.	An Introduction to Carbonatites and Their Economic Aspects - Rhitupama Gogoi, Niraj Bhuyan	287
23.	Understanding the Pattern of Population Flow to Jorhat Town - Rituraj Neog, Shukla Acharjee, Prof. Jiten Hazanika	300
24.	Review on Different Synthesis Methods of Copper Nanoparticle — Ritural Tahu	317
25.	Feed Forward and Cascade Forward Back propagation Artificial I Network Models for Prediction of Crops Productivity of Different Cr Sikkim	
Ky.	- Ritwick Duwarah	330
26.	district, Assam	
	- Sangeeta Chetia	344

OPEN SCIENCE

A compilation of Science Articles

Transparent Wood: Potential Building Material of The Future

Pakiza Begumi, Pimily Langthasai, Pakiza Begum¹, Pimily Langthasa²,
Kangkana Sharma², Pankaj Gogoi⁴
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ABSTRACT

Transparent wood is considered a promising structural and light management material for energy-efficient engineering applications. This humble method of substituting the organic polymer lignin with a distinct blend of epoxides eliminates the coloring from wood and augments its strength. Though transparent wood may be looked upon simply as an innovative material, its practical benefits are massive. It is a type of a composite material that has the potential to revolutionise the fields of construction and the manufacturing of various products. Real-world usages comprise replacement of

>> 210 +>>

Collaborative Research Paper

Dr. Plaban Jyoti Sarma

Assistant Professor

Department of Chemistry, Gargaon College





Dikshita Dowerah, Mallikarjunachari VN Uppuladinne, Nishant Biswakarma, Uddhavesh B Sonavane, Rajendra R Joshi, Suvendra K Ray, Nima D Namsa, Ramesh Ch Deka

Department of Chemical Science

, Tezpur University, Assam & HPC—Medical & Bioinformatics Applications Group, Centre for Development of Advanced Computing (C-DAC), Panchavati, Pashan, Pune 411008, India

Title of the Paper: **Design of LNA Analogues Using a Combined Density Functional Theory and Molecular Dynamics Approach for RNA Therapeutics**Name of the Journal: **ACS Omega**

<u>Link of the publication:</u> https://pubs.acs.org/doi/full/10.1021/acsomega.2c07860 ISSN:2470-1343





http://pubs.acs.org/journal/acsoc

Design of LNA Analogues Using a Combined Density Functional Theory and Molecular Dynamics Approach for RNA Therapeutics

Dikshita Dowerah, Mallikarjunachari V. N. Uppuladinne, Plaban J. Sarma, Nishant Biswakarma, Uddhavesh B. Sonavane, Rajendra R. Joshi, Suvendra K. Ray, Nima D. Namsa, and Ramesh Ch. Deka*



Cite This: ACS Omega 2023, 8, 22382-22405



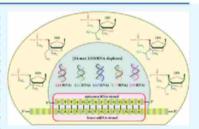
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Article Recommendation

Supporting Information

ABSTRACT: Antisense therapeutics treat a wide spectrum of diseases, many of which cannot be addressed with the current drug technologies. In the quest to design better antisense oligonucleotide drugs, we propose five novel LNA analogues (A1–A5) for modifying antisense oligonucleotides and establishing each with the five standard nucleic acids: adenine (A), guanine (G), cytosine (C), thymine (T), and uracil (U). Monomer nucleotides of these modifications were considered for a detailed Density Functional Theory (DFT)-based quantum chemical analysis to determine their molecular-level structural and electronic properties. A detailed MD simulation study was done on a 14-mer ASO (5'-CTTAG-CACTGGCCT-3') containing these modifications targeting PTEN mRNA. Results from both molecular- and oligomer-level analysis clearly depicted LNA-level stability of the modifications, the ASO/RNA duplexes



mRNA. Results from both molecular- and oligomer-level analysis clearly depicted LNA-level stability of the modifications, the ASO/RNA duplexes maintaining stable Waiton—Crick base pairing preferring RNA-mimicking A-form duplexes. Notably, monomer MO isosurfaces for both purines and pyrimidines were majorly distributed on the nucleobase region in modifications A1 and A2 and in the bridging unit in modifications A3, A4, and A5, suggesting that A3/RNA, A4/RNA, and A5/RNA duplexes interact more with the RNase H and solvent environment. Accordingly, solvation of A3/RNA, A4/RNA, and A5/RNA duplexes was higher compared to that of LNA/RNA, A1/RNA, and A2/RNA duplexes. This study has resulted in a successful archetype for creating advantageous nucleic acid modifications tailored for particular needs, fulfilling a useful purpose of designing novel antisense modifications, which may overcome the drawbacks and improve the pharmacokinetics of existing LNA antisense modifications.

1. INTRODUCTION

Using antisense-mRNA as a medicine is a fundamentally different approach compared to treating diseases using traditional pharmaceuticals. 1—3 mRNA contains the set of instructions which direct cells in the human body to make proteins. Life depends on these proteins, as every function in the human body, both normal and disease-related, is carried out by one or many proteins in coordination. Human diseases are majorly the result of inappropriate protein production or disordered protein performance. Antisense-mRNA based drugs designed to bind sequence-specifically to their target mRNAs inhibit the production of disease-causing proteins and modulate their gene expressions. Unlike the small drug molecules and monoclonal antibodies, these synthetic antisense drugs are complementary to their sense-mRNAs, which take advantage of normal biological processes to suppress the production of disease-causing proteins and create a desired therapeutic effect. 4—6

Antisense medications are chemically modified antisense oligonucleotides (ASOs/AONs) complementary to their target mRNAs, which bind by Watson-Crick base pairing, forming ASO/RNA hybrid duplexes. mRNA bound by an ASO

activates the cellular endonuclease RNase H, which further cleaves the RNA strand selectively from the ASO/RNA hybrid duplexes. The However, due to the confined stability in biological media, the ASOs undergo rapid degradation even before duplexing, and thus, to protect and enhance their binding affinity and cellular uptake, the existing ASOs need to undergo chemical modifications to impart a valid antisense response. In the early stages, the phosphodiester backbones of the nucleotides were modified by replacing one of the nonbridging oxygen atoms with sulfur. Pie Briefly categorized under first-generation ASOs, methylphosphonates and phosphoramidates gained significant attention, yet phosphorothioates (PSs) were the most successful to induce the RNase H functions. 11=15 The first antisense drug marketed under the brand name "Vitravene" (ISIS-2922) approved by the FDA in 1998 was a

Received: December 9, 2022 Accepted: February 17, 2023 Published: June 12, 2023





Collaborative Faculty Exchange Program Department of Chemistry, Gargaon College with



Department of Chemistry, Sibsagar Girl's College, Sivasagar

Occasion: World Environment Day

Date: 5th June, 2023
Title of the Program: Solution to Plastic Pollution
Resource Person: Dr. Arandao Narzary
Assistant Professor, Gargaon College, Sivasagar
Duration: One day



Collaborative Faculty Exchange Program **Department of Chemistry, Gargaon College**with



Department of Chemistry, Sibsagar Girl's College, Sivasagar

Date: 7th February, 2023
Title of the Program: Carrier exploration and self building
Resource Person: Dr. Plaban Jyoti Sarma,
Assistant Professor, Gargaon College, Sivasagar

Duration: One day





Department of Commerce

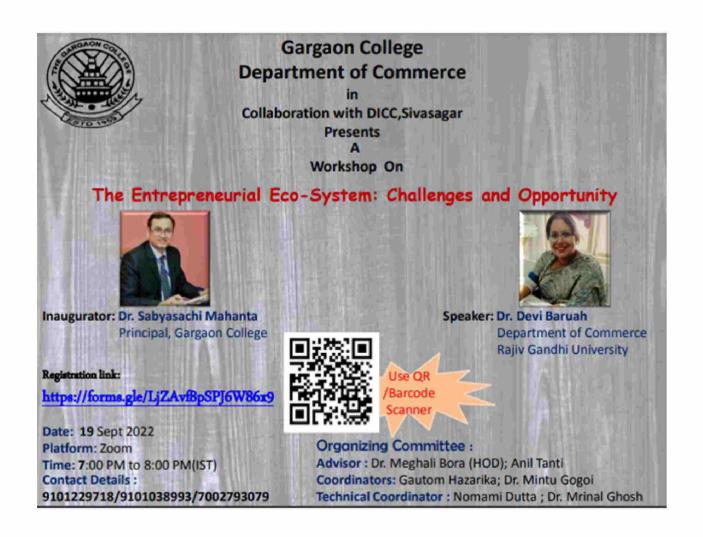


Collaborative Workshop **Department of Commerce, Gargaon College**with

The District Industries And Commerce Centre, Sivasagar
Title of the Program: Entrepreneurial Ecosystem: Challenges and Opportunities

Duration: 19th September, 2022

Duration: **One day**Resource Person: **Dr. Devi Baruah, Assistant Professor, Rajiv Gandhi University, Arunachal Pradesh**





Collaborative Field study/Tour **Department of Commerce, Gargaon College**with

ASSAM STATE RURAL LIVELIHOOD MISSION (ASRLM), SIVASAGAR

Assam Start Up-The Nest, Guwahati

Title of the Program: Industrial Tour to ONGC, Nazira

Duration: 10th June, 2023

Duration: One day











Department of Statistics, Nazira College, Sivasagar, Assam

Resource Person: **Mr. Puma Kanta Gogoi, Associate Professor,** Department of Statistics, Nazira College

Duration: 6 Days (10th October to 19th October, 2022)





Department of Economics





Department of Economics, Hem Chandra Dev Goswami College, Sivasagar

Date: 18 & 20th May, 2023
Title of the Program: Issues of Welfare Economics

Resource Person: Mr. Ronjit Khanikar,
Assistant Professor, Department of Economics, HCDG College, Nitaipukhuri,
Sivasagar
Duration: One day



ISSUES OF WELFARE ECONOMICS

20th May, 2023

Resource Person

Mr. Ronjit Khanikar
Assistant Professor
Department of Economics
HCDG College, Nitaipukhuri, Sivasagar

Organized by

Department of Economics, Gargaon College
In Collaboration with
IQAC, Gargaon College

Time: 11:00 AM

Venue: ICT Room, Department of Economics



Department of English



Collaborative Workshop

Name of the Faculty: **Dr.Shyamolima Saikia, Assistant Professor**Title of the Program: **One Day Workshop on Creative Writing**Organized by: **Department of English, Gargaon College**

Collaboration With: Department of English, Sibsagar Girls College

Date: 12 April, 2023





Department of Geography

Collaborative Research Paper **Dr. Rituraj Neog**Assistant Professor

Department of Geography, Gargaon College

Prof. Jiten HazarikaDepartment of Statistics

, Dibrugarh University, Assam
Title of the Paper: **Thermal stress and urban heat island effect in Jorhat urban environment as a result of changing land use and land cover**Name of the Journal: **Acta Geophysica ISSN: 1895-7455**

Link to the Paper:https://link.springer.com/article/10.1007/s11600-022-00927-z

Acta Geophysica (2022) 70:2771-2783 https://doi.org/10.1007/s11600-022-00927-z

RESEARCH ARTICLE - ANTHROPOGENIC GEOHAZARDS



Thermal stress and urban heat island effect in Jorhat urban environment as a result of changing land use and land cover

Rituraj Neog 10 - Jiten Hazarika2

Received: 22 April 2022 / Accepted: 9 September 2022 / Published online: 30 September 2022

The Author(s) under exclusive licence to Institute of Geophysics, Polish Academy of Sciences & Polish Academy of Sciences 2022

Abstract

The objective of the study is to determine the impact of land use and land cover (LULC) change on land surface temperature (LST) and thermal stress at Jorhat from 2009 to 2021. The experiment used Landsat TM (Thematic Mapper) for 2009 and OLI (Operational Land Imager)/TIRS (Thermal Infrared Sensor) for 2021 from earth.explorer.usgs.gov. Landsat data were employed to calculate the LST and LULC changes. Utilizing UTFVI (urban thermal field variance index), thermal stress over the ground surface has been computed. Thermal discomfort is computed simultaneously using the relative strain index (RSI) and net effective temperature (NET) index. Jorhat evidenced significant rise in built-up land to 281.25 hectares with reduced vegetation cover of 480.96 hectares from 2009 to 2021. These modifications caused significant rise in LST of 4.28 °C, 2.33 °C and 3.01 °C in September, October and December from 2009 to 2021. According to UTFVI from 2009 to 2021, Jorhat experienced declining ecologically excellent area with a rising proportion of ecologically worse land. In September and October 2009, the Jorhat city had just 10 days of bioclimatic discomfort and 19 days of bioclimatic comfort, as opposed to 24 and 10 days in 2021, respectively. Similarly, NET estimated 21 very hot days in October 2021, as opposed to just 9 days in 2009. Compared to 2009, there are now 6 and 4 days in December 2021 that are classified as warm or slightly hot, respectively. This leads to the conclusion that Jorhat's thermal condition is significantly impacted by changes in land use and land cover.

Keywords Land use and land cover - LST - UTFVI - RSI and NET

Introduction

The global population is increasing very rapidly since industrialization. As per the estimate of united nation, global urban population is projected to become 68 percent from the current seenario of 55 percent with current pace of urbanization (United nation 2018). There is an increasing global pressure of population to expand its demand for more accommodations, food, agricultural production and shelter (Imran et al. 2021). Subsequently, land cover is changing rapidly in order to meet the demands of global population,

Edited by Dr. Mehdi Abdolmaleki (ASSOCIATE EDITOR) / Prof. Savka Dineva (CO-EDITOR-IN-CHIEF).

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which ultimately replacing vegetation to impervious surface due to human activities and that finally contributing to climate change (Igun and Williams 2018; Nzoiwu et al. 2017). The change of land use and land cover is more noticeable over urban areas of the world. Change of land use and land cover plays a significant role on changing the regional climate (Jahan et al. 2021; Nagarajan and Basil 2014; Grimm et al. 2008). Conversion of natural green vegetation to urban built-up land is mainly responsible for change in regional climate (Argueso et al. 2013; Imran et al. 2018, 2019a, b). The urbanization induced concretization replace natural surface with impermeable concrete structure such as industrial and residential buildings, parking knots and impervious roads (Babalola and Akinsanola 2016; Patra et al. 2018). This urban conversion leads to lower albedo and higher absorption of heat ultimately leads to higher land surface temperature (LST) in urban areas. Thus, LST rises over the cities due to the effect of built environment and concrete structure (Neog 2022). The higher LST in the urban areas comparing to the nearby areas is known as urban heat island



Collaborative Book Chapter **Dr. Rituraj Neog**

Assistant Professor

Department of Geography, Gargaon College with

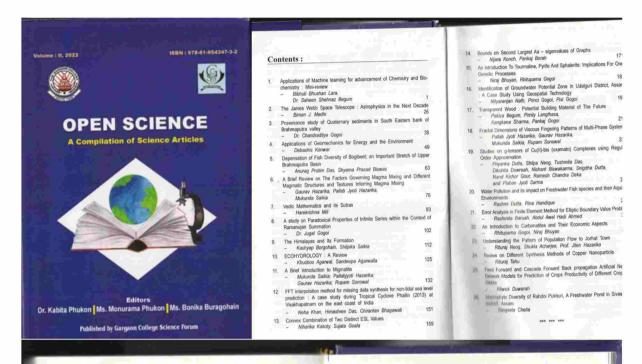


Department of Statistics , Dibrugarh University, Assam

&

Dr. Shukla Acharjee

Centre For studies in Geography, Dibrugarh University, Assam Title of the Paper: Pattern of Population Flow to Jorhat Town Title of the Book: Open Science: A compilation of Science Articles ISBN: 978-81-954347-3-2



OPEN SCIENCE

A compilation of Science Articles

Understanding the Pattern of Population Flow to Jorhat Town

Rituraj Neog¹, Shukla Acharjee², Prof. Jiten Hazarika³

**Dept. of Geography, Gargaon College rituraj.neog08@mail.com

**Centre for Studies in Geography, Dibrugarh University

**Dept. of Statistics, Dibrugarh University

ABSTRACT

Population flow or migration is the common phenomenon that occurs in different parts of the world is varying intensity and degree. Jorhat town is the growing urban centers in the central part of Assam receiving migrants from different parts of the state. The movement of population or migrants is more prominent after 1995 with business and services are the prime cause of migration. Jorhat receives voluminous migrants from the adjacent districts of Sivasagar and Golaghat and nearby states of Bihar and Uttar Pradesh. Apart from the permanent shift or migration of population, Jorhat city also witnessed diurnal flow of population from different urban centers of Assam and Nagaland. Maximum inter-district flow has been observed form Golaghat, Dibrugarh and Guwahati while intra-district from Titabor, Teok and

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Maraini urban centers. The Gravity analysis also portrayed an almost high positive as well as significant correlation of 0.75 with actual flow validating the role of distance on volume of interaction between urban centers.

INTRODUCTION

Population flow or migration is an important component of population dynamics. Migration is considered as one of the important factors after fertility and mortality that influence the demographic changes in a country (Kumari, 2014). Migration is the permanent and semi permanent movement of population from one place of residence to other. Migration cannot be considered a mere shift of people from one place of residence to another, as it is most fundamental to the understanding of continuously changing space content and space relationship of an area (Gosal, 1961). It is a common phenomenon all throughout the world. The influence of immigration to one place cannot only be simply linked to social, cultural and economic transformation but also to urban growth and urbanization. Migration can be of different types such as rural to rural, rural to urban, urban to urban and urban to rural. But surprisingly rural to urban migration occupies second position by constituting 20 percent of total migration in India (Kumari, 2014). The most common form of migration i.e. rural to urban migration plays a significant role on urban growth and urbanization. As per the census

» 301 »»

» 300 »»

Department of Geology

Collaborative Book Chapter Dr. Chirantan Bhagawati Assistant Professor

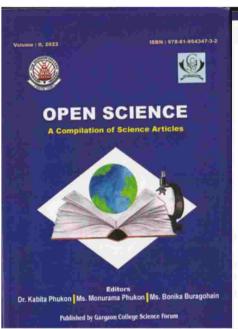
Department of Geology, Gargaon College with



Department of Applied Geology , Dibrugarh University, Assam

Title of the Paper: FFT interpolation method for missing data synthesis for non-tidal sea level prediction: A case study during Tropical Cyclone Phailin (2013) at Vishakhapatnam on the east coast of India

Title of the Book: Open Science: A compilation of Science Articles ISBN: 978-81-954347-3-2



Contents: Applications of Machine learning for advancement of Chemistry and Bio-chemistry : Mini-review — Biblusi Brushari Lara, Dr. Saheen Shehnaz Begum 1 The James Webb Space Telescope : Astrophysics in the Next D - Birnen J. Medhi Provenance study of Quaternary sediments in South Ea Brahmapulra valley — Dr. Chandraditya Gogol Applications of Geomechanics for Energy and the Enviro — Debashis Komwar Debashis Komwar nnsation of Fish Diversity of Bogibeet, an Important Stretch of Upper magultra Basin Anurag Profilm Das, Shyama Prasad Biswas 63 Anurag Profim Das, Shyama Prasad Biswas k Bief Review on The Factors Governing Magma Mi dagmatic Structures and Textures Inferring Magma Mi Gaurav Hazarika, Pallab Jyofi Hazarika, Mutunda Sakia Bedic Mathematics and its Sutras — Harekrishna Mili Harekrithna Mil A study on Paradoxical Properties of Infinite Series within the Ct Ramanujan Summation Dr. Jugal Gogol The Himilapsis and its Formation Kashyap Borgohani. Shipkas Sakkin ECOHYDROLOGY: A Review Notation Agarwal. Sandreque Agarwalla 11. A Brel Introduction to Migmatille Mikrade Sakkir, Pallachyoti Hazarika: Gaurav Hazarika, Repem Sonoreal 12. FFT interpolation method for missing data synthesis for non-tidal series of the properties of the prop 102 Fil integration method for insign data symbols for non-lid prediction *: A case study during Topcial Cyclone Phallin Visiahapatrium on the east cost of India — Meha Khan, Finnashreo Das, Chinartan Bhagwedi S. Convex Combination of Two Districts ESU visites — Whitelia Kaloty, Sujata Goale

- eigenvalues of Graphs	Bounds on Second Larger	14. E
ran	Nijara Konch, Pank	9
Pyrite And Sphalerite: Implications For Ore	An Introduction To Tourma	15. /
Canal 18	Genetic Processes	
Longue In Udalouri Dietrict Assar	Niraj Bhuyan, Rhitu	
Potential Zone In Udalguri District, Assar	Identification of Groundwa	16.
Gorari Pixi Gogoi 19	A Case Study Using G Nityaranjan Nath, F	
Building Material of The Future	- ranyaranjan read, r	
annthasa.	 Pakiza Begum, Pir. 	17.
kaj Gogoi	Kangkana Sharma,	
Fingering Patterns of Multi-Phase System	Eractal Dimensions of Vis	18.
Baurav Hazarika,	Pallab Jvoti Hazar	10.
n Sanowal Z	Mukumrta Saikia. F	
)-bis (oxamato) Complexes using Regul	Order Approximation	19.
Neog, Tushmita Das, ant Biswakarma, Snigdha Dutta,	 Priyanka Dutte, Si Dikstrita Downseh. 	
nesh Chandra Deka	Nand Kishor Goul and Plaban Jyoti	
on Freshwater Fish species and their Aqua	Water Pollution and its in	20.
	Environments	6.07.
andique	- Rashmi Dutta, Ri	
it Method for Elliptic Boundary Value Probl ul Awal Hadi Ahmed	Error Analysis in Finite E	21.
tes and Their Economic Aspects	An Introduction to Carb	22
aj Bhuyan	- Rhitupama Gogoi	30
f Population Flow to Jorhat Town Acharjee, Prof. Jiten Hazarika	Understanding the Patt	21:
sis Methods of Copper Nanoparticle	Review on Different St	34
	Riturni Tahu	-
Forward Back propagation Artificial Ne on of Crops Productivity of Different Crop	Feet Forward and Ca Historick Models for Pro-	20.
	Ritwick Duwarah	
idoi Pukhuri, A Freshwater Pond in Sivas	Maritanyte Diversity o	26

Contents :

1.	Applications of Machine learning for advancement of Chemistry chemistry: Mini-review — Bibhuti Bhushan Lara,	and Bio-
	Dr. Saheen Shehnaz Begum	1
2.	The James Webb Space Telescope : Astrophysics in the Next — Biman J. Medhi	26
3.	Provenance study of Quaternary sediments in South Eastern Brahmaputra valley — Dr. Chandraditya Gogol	bank of
4.	Applications of Geomechanics for Energy and the Environment - Debashis Konwar	49
5.	Depensation of Fish Diversity of Bogibeet; an Important Stretch Brahmaputra Basin — Anurag Protim Das, Shyama Prasad Biswas	of Upper 63
6.	A Brief Review on The Factors Governing Magma Mixing and Magmatic Structures and Textures Inferring Magma Mixing — Genral Hazarka, Pallab Jyol Hazarika,	
-	Mukunda Saikia Vedic Mathematics and its Sutras	76
7,	Harekrishna Mili	93
8.	A study on Paradoxical Properties of Infinite Series within the Co Ramanujan Summation	ontext of
9.	Dr. Jugal Gogol The Himalayas and its Formation	102
	Kashyap Borgohain, Shilpika Saikia	112
10.	ECOHYDROLOGY : A Review - Khusboo Agarwal, Sandeepa Agarwalla	125
11.	A Brief Introduction to Migmatite - Mukunda Salkia; Pallabiyoti Hazarika; Gaurav Hazarika; Rupam Sonowal	132
12.		sea leve
	- Neha Khan, Himashree Das, Chirantan Bhagawati	151
13.	Convex Combination of Two Distinct ESL Values	159

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FFT interpolation method for missing data synthesis for non-tidal sea level prediction: A case study during Tropical Cyclone Phailin(2013) at Visakhapatnam on the east coast of India

Neha Khani, Himashree Dasi, Chirantan Bhagawati²⁵ Dept. of Applied Geology, Dibrugarh University, Assam, India

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*Corresponding author.

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1. INTRODUCTION

A suitable prediction scheme of non-tidal sea level variations due to storm surges is a prerequisite for proper planning and mitigation during the extreme events. The variation of sea level due to non-tidal forcing is often difficult to predict because of missing records in sea level signal as the tide gauge instruments often get damaged during the passage of Tropical Cyclones. Therefore, the present study endeavours at developing an empirical model for predicting the missing records of sea level data during extreme event viz. Tropical Cyclone Phailin of 2013 at Visakhapatnam station (India)

** 151 >>>

Department of History



Collaborative Research Paper Dr. Raktim Patar

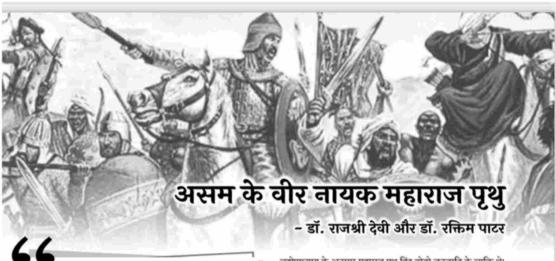
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Title of the Paper: Assam Ke Vir Nayak Maharaj Prithu Name of the Journal: Gagnachal ISSN: 0971-1430

<u>Link of the publication: https://www.iccr.gov.in/sites/default/files/2023-08/Gagnachal%20%28May%20-%20June%20203%29.pdf</u>



राजा पृथु ने कामरूप की तत्कालीन राजनीति को एक नयी दिशा दी जिसके फलस्वरूप कामरूप पर हुए तीन में से दो आक्रमणों को सफलतापर्वक प्रतिरोध कर कामरूप को विधर्मी शासन से बचाए रखने में वे सक्षम हुए। महाराजा पृथु जैसे भारत के इतिहास की कई महत्वपूर्ण व्यक्तित्व तथा घटनाएँ जनमानस से छुपाकर रखी गयी। औपनिवेशिक इतिहासकारों ने भारत का इतिहास विकृत कर बहुत सी गलत व बनावटी जानकारियों की सहायता से इसे केवल पराजय और गलामी के इतिहास के रूप में प्रस्तत किया। इसके विपरीत भारतीय राजाओं की महान गौरवशाली विजय गाथाओं को पाठ्यपुस्तकों में स्थान ही नहीं दिया गया। विख्तयार खिलजी के आक्रमण के विरुद्ध कामरूप के राजा पृथ् द्वारा प्रदर्शित वीरता को छुपाकर रखना इसका ही एक बड़ा उदाहरण है।

रहवीं शताब्दी का भारतीय इतिहास विदेशी आक्रांताओं **व**िशेषकर आफगानिस्तान से आनेवाले आक्रांताओं के संदर्भ में विशेष महत्व रखता है। इस दौरान भारतवर्ष पर कई आक्रमण हुए। उत्तर भारत के अस्थिर राजनीतिक वातावरण और मुसलमान आक्रांताओं के नरसंहार तथा उत्पीड़न के समय कामरूप में महाराज पृथ ने राज्य का शासनभार ग्रहण किया। इसी के साथ 12वीं शताब्दी में कामरूप की राजनीति में एक सशक्त और प्रभावशाली नाम जुड़ जाता है। किन्हीं इतिहासकारों के अनुसार राजा पृथु किरात जाति के व्यक्ति थे। यहां उल्लेखनीय है कि वर्तमान समय के असम के बोड़ो, राभा, कोच, डिमासा, तिवा, गारो आदि जनजातियों को ही उस समय किरात नाम से संबोधित किया जाता था। इतिहासकार सुनीति कुमार

चट्टोपाध्याय के अनुसार महाराज पृथु हिंदु बोड़ो जनजाति के व्यक्ति थे। यहाँ बोड़ो शब्द समग्र तिब्बत-बर्मी लोगों के लिये प्रयोग किया गया है। उन्होंने लिखा है - 'When Bakhtiyar Khalji the Turki leader who conquered western Bengal in 1203, came to Assam/ Kamrupa with an invading army suffered defeat at the hands of the Assam's ruling house which was evidently a Hindu Boro house'. दूसरी ओर इतिहासकार राजमोहन नाथ के अनुसार राजा पृथ वैद्यदेव द्वारा स्थापित देव वंश के शासक थे। वैद्यदेव कामरूप के सिंहासन पर सन 1130 से सन 1150 तक अधिष्ठित थे। उनके परवर्ती राजाओं के क्रमानुसार नाम थे - राइरीदेव, भास्करदेव, बल्लवदेव और पृथुदेव।

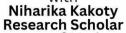
इतिहासकार राजमोहन नाथ के अनुसार महाराज पृथु सन 1185 से सन 1227 तक के लंबे समय के लिये कामरूप की राजगद्दी पर विराजमान थे। उत्तर गुवाहाटी की बेतना नामक जगह पर उनकी राजधानी थी। महाराज पृथु के शासनकाल में कामरूप की सीमा पूर्व में वर्तमानके दरंग जिला और पश्चिम में वर्तमान के बांग्लादेश की दिनाजपुर नामक शहर तक विस्तृत थी। राजमोहन नाथ के इस मत का समर्थन नगेंद्र नारायण आचार्य भी करते हैं। आचार्य जी के अनुसार महाराज पृथ संभवतः वैद्यदेव अथवा बल्लवदेव के वंशज थे और 12वीं शताब्दी के अंतिम समय में उन्होंने कामरूप का शासनभार संभाला। हालाँकि विख्यात इतिहासकार कनकलाल बरुआ कहते हैं कि वैद्यदेव के साथ महाराज पृथु का कोई संबंध नहीं था और अनुमान है कि सन 1200 से सन 1228 के बीच वे कामरूप के राजा थे। इन दोनों ही मतों को ध्यान में रखें तो महाराजा पृथु के वंश का विषय थोड़ विवादित भले ही हो, परंतु उनके शासनकाल को सभी इतिहासकार निर्विवाद रूप से स्वीकार करते हैं। उनके शासनकाल में कुल तीन बार कामरूप पर मुसलमानों ने आक्रमण किया था।

Department of Mathematics

Collaborative Book Chapter **Sujata Gowala**

Assistant Professor

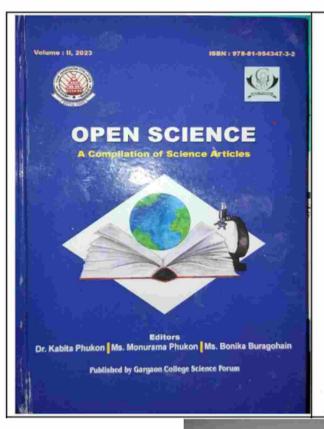
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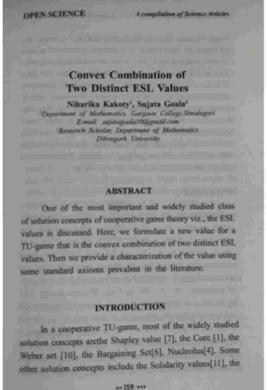
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Resource Person**: Dr. Kabita Phukan**



Department of Physics

Collaborative Book Chapter Jayanta Sonowal

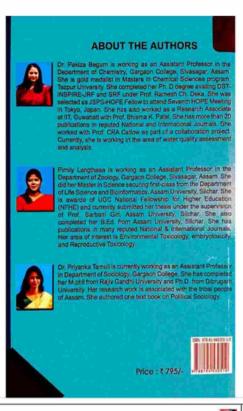
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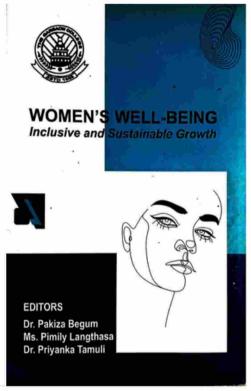


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Title of the Paper: **Feminisation of Ageing in India**Title of the Book: **Women's Well being: Inclusive and Sustainable Growth**

ISBN: 978-81-945305-1-0





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Feminisation of Ageing in India

Jayanta Sonowal¹⁹ and Chandini Sonowal² Assistant Professor, Department of Physics, Gargaon College Assistant Professor, Department of Economics, Jhanji Hemnath Sarma College, Jhanji 'Email: isonowal33@gmail.com †Authors contributed equally.

ABSTRACT

The population in the world is ageing rapidly and is projected to be doubled by 2050 where 80% of them will be housed by the less developed nations. Due to the higher life expectancy of women compared to men the number of elderly women has a dominance over the elderly men which leads the world towards the feminization of ageing. India is not an exception, the census conducted has clearly shown the higher growth rate of elderly women compared to elderly men per decade. People in the elderly stage face many challenges physically, financially, socially and emotionally. The government and NGOs have taken many initiatives to uplift the health condition of the poor needy elderly in India and to promote social well-being for them. Despite their commendable efforts a substantial number of elderlies are still facing difficulty in many aspects, which urgently needs the attention of policymakers in this direction.

Keywords: Ageing, Elderly, Feminization.

INTRODUCTION

The growing ageing population is a distinguishing the growing ageing population is a unangular characteristic of the current century. According to the United Nations (UN) report on the world ageing population, 11% of

Women's Well-Being * 231

Department of Political Science

Collaborative Webinar

Department of Political Science, Gargaon College with

Department of Political Science Sonari College, Charaideo

Title of the Program: Social Movement and its Impact on Democracy Resource Person: Dr Borun Dey, Assistant Professor of Political Science at

> Dibrugarh University Date: 20 April, 2023



Webinar on 'Social Movement and its Impact on Democracy'

OUR CORRESPONDENT

OUR CORRESPONDENT

SIVASAGAR, April 21: "Understanding social movements is crucial for understanding the dynamics of politics". This was opined by Dr Borun Dey, Assistant Professor of Political Science. Dibrugarh University. Dr Dey was speaking at a State level webinar on "Social Movement and its Impact on Democracy", jointly organized by the Political Science Departments of Gargaon College and Sonari College in collaboration with the IQAC. Gargaon College on Thursday.

He conceptualized social movements as collective maneuvering towards social change. Dr Dey pointed out the modus operandi and intricate nuances of social movements and their relevance in a democratic society. He enthralled the audience with his erudition and thoughts over social movements.

Noted poet, writer, and academic, Dr Sabyasachi Mahanta, the Principal of Gargaon College, inaugurated the virtual event. In his welcome address, he spoke about the growing importance of social movements in present times. Dr Mahanta highlighted the potential that social movements have to bring about social transformation and cater to the needs of the masses. He also eulogized the efforts of the organisers in conducting the event. Dr Pobon Kumar Gogoti, Head of the Department of Political Science, offered a vote of thanks to everyone present at the end of the event. Yuvaraj Gogoi, Assistant Professor of Political Science at Gargaon College, moderated the event.



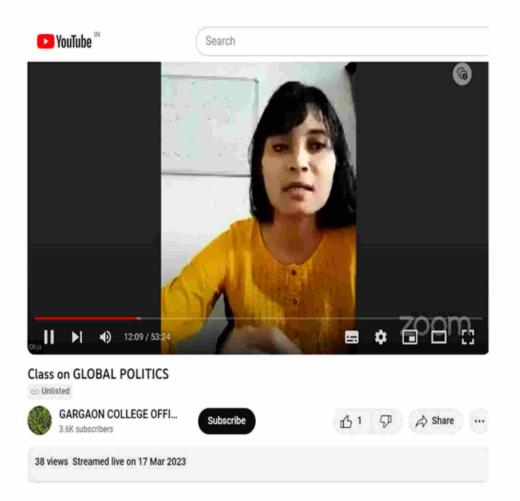




Department of Political Science, Dibrugarh University, Assam

Date: 17th March, 2023
Resource Person: Dr. Obja Borah Hazarika
Assistant Professor, Department of Political Science, Dibrugarh University,
Assam
Title of the Program: Global Politics

Title of the Program: Global Politics
Duration: One day



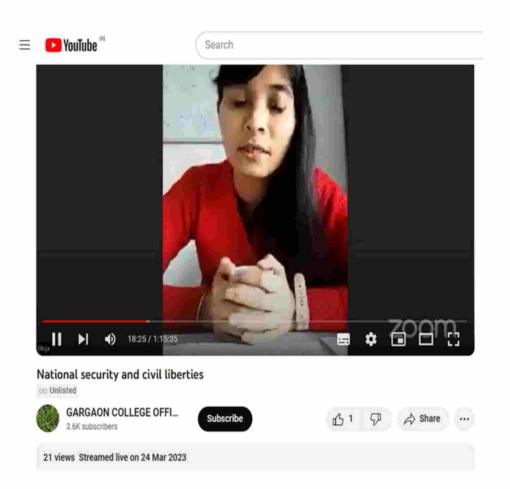




Department of Political Science, Dibrugarh University, Assam

Date: 24th March, 2023
Resource Person: Dr. Obja Borah Hazarika
Assistant Professor, Department of Political Science, Dibrugarh University,
Assam

Title of the Program: **National Securities & Civil Liberties**Duration: **One day**



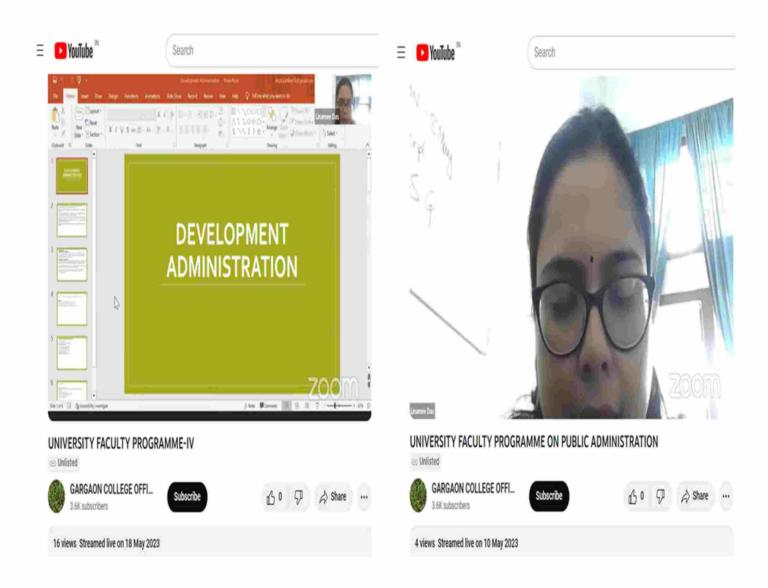




Department of Political Science, Dibrugarh University, Assam

Date: 10th & 18th May, 2023
Resource Person: Dr. Linamee Das
Assistant Professor, Department of Political Science, Dibrugarh University,
Assam

Title of the Program: **Development Administration**Duration: **two day**



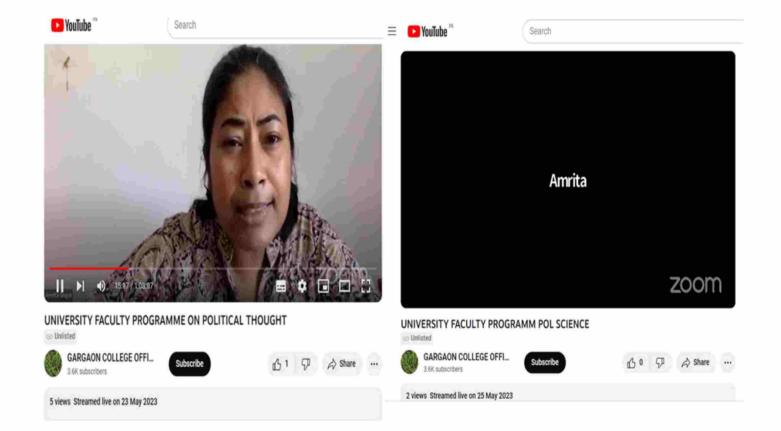




Department of Political Science, Dibrugarh University, Assam

Date: 23rd May & 25 May, 2023
Resource Person: Dr. Amrita Pritam Gogoi
Assistant Professor, Department of Political Science, Dibrugarh University,
Assam

Title of the Program: **Political Thought**Duration: **two day**



Department of Sociology

Collaborative Special Program **Department of Sociology, Gargaon College**with



Date: 12 November, 2022 Resource Person: Mrs. Mina Robi Das

Assistant Professor, Department of Sociology, Gargaon College, Assam Title of the Program: Sociology and Common sense: Some reflection on Sociology of India

Duration: 1 Day







Department of Zoology

Collaborative Book Chapter **Dr. Anurag Protim Das** Assistant Professor

Department of Zoology, Gargaon College with

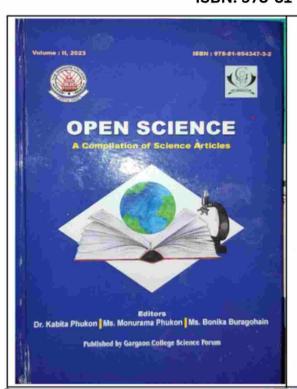


Dr. Shyama Prasad Biswas

Department of Life Science, Dibrugarh University

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Title of the Book: Open Science: A compilation of Science Articles ISBN: 978-81-954347-3-2



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 Nihanka Kakoty, Sujata Goala

OPEN SCIENCE

159

Depensation of Fish Diversity of Bogibeel; an Important Stretch of Upper Brahmaputra Basin

> Anurag Protim Dasi Shyama Prasad Biswas²

¹Department of Zoology, Gargaon College, Sivasagar ²Department of Life Sciences, Dibrugarh University, 786004 Corresponding author: anuragprotim 99@gmail.com

ABSTRACT

The concept of ecotourism is relatively new concept which amalgamates conservation along with development in ecologically rich areas. Owing to the presence of mighty Brahmaputra the northeastern part of India is blessed with rich aquatic resources in the form of fast flowing rivers, stagnant wetlands, slow running streams and temporary ephemeral streams. Due to rapid urbanization Along with terrestrial counterparts aquatic habitats are facing tremendous anthropogenic threats. Recent assessment advocates rapid decline of aquatic biodiversity. Wetlands along with stretchesof rivers are known to harbor rich diversity of native, endemic and rare fishes. The present study deals with inventorization of fish diversity of Bogibeel, an important

2 63 222

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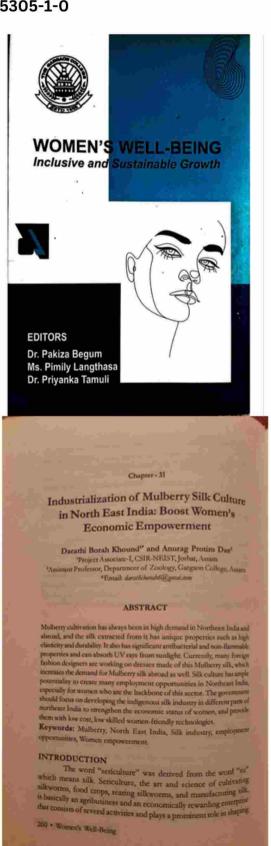
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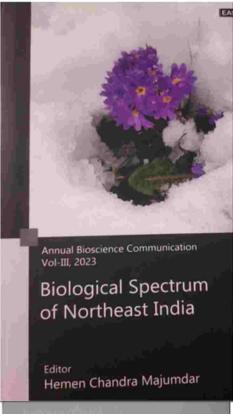
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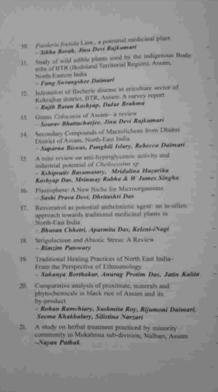
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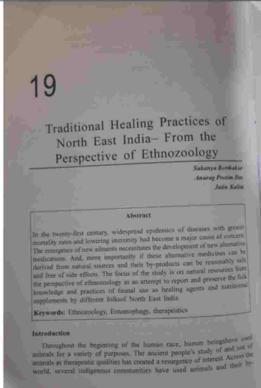
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Title of the Book: Biological Spectrum of Northeast India ISBN: 978-93-92038-58-7











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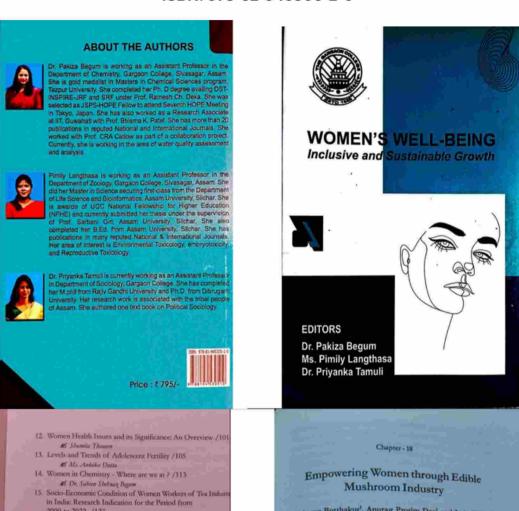


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Title of the Paper: Empowering Women through Edible Mushroom Culture Title of the Book: Women's Well being: Inclusive and Sustainable Growth ISBN: 978-81-945305-1-0



- 2000 to 2022 /127
- #6 Dr. Mints Gogel and Mr. Gautow Hazarika
 16. A Historical Perspective of
 Women Education in Assam /136
- 27. Poli Kouser

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 A Extract from Literature Review /149 25 Nomani Dutta
- 18. Empowering Women through Edible Mushroom Industry/15
 25 Sakupus Berthsten, Alsong Pratie Dat and Jatie Kolite
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- 20. The position of Meitei Women in the Social History of Ancie Maniput /175

 **Dr. R.K. Singel Sana
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 Shoukai Manham
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- & Parali Gogoi and Manuscopus Gogoi 24. Problems Encountered by Working Women in India /206
- 25. The Role Conflict of Married Working Women: A Sociolog

Mushroom Industry

Sukanya Borthakur¹, Anurag Protim Das² and Jatin Kalita³
Project Assistant, (CSIR-NEIST), Jothat

Assistant Professor, Department of Zoology, Gargaon College, Assam

Principal Scientist & HoD RPBDD, Professor (AcSIR Glazinhad) E-mail: pakanyaberthakur/@gmail.co

ABSTRACT

Women folk contribute a greater portion to the economic growth of any country. Mushroom culture is a lucrative low invest agro-based starmp which can augment financial stability to women folk. Globally mushrooms are well anown for its nutritional and therapeutic properties. Mushroom cultivation is manually less demanding and across the globe there is bage demand for mushrooms. Due to its demand and being manually less demanding for substrooms. Due to its demand and being manually less demanding for substraction, mushroom cultivation aids to making women economically healthy, thus aiding to the socio-economic development as a whole. The congenial agro-climatic conditions provide excellent environment for rapid and large-scale production of mushroom varieties. The peacent study focuses on pragmatic approach of mushroom industry to empower women, through functial uplifument and as a whole to make a nation economically entich. ent and as a whole to make a nation economically en

The fleshy, spore-bearing fruiting body of a fungus that normally grows above ground, on soil, or on its food source is known as a mushroom or toadstool. The term "mushroom" is most frequently used to refer to fungus (Basidiomycota, Agaricomycere) that have a stem (stipe), a cap (pileus), and gills (lamellac, sing, lamella) on the underside of the cap (Karwa and Rai, 2005). The name is the context of the cap (Karwa and Rai, source) and accomprove as well as a range of other gilled fungi, with or without Ascomposa as well as a range of other gilled fungi, with or without

Women's Well-Being * 159

